

Chartered Accountants

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Gradient Estates Private Limited

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements.

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **Gradient Estates Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs(financial position), profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31, 2019, and its loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The company does not have any branches.
 - d) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - e) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
 - f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act B

- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. The Company not issued dividend from inspection of the company, hence transfer of funds not arising.

For Sukumar Babu & Co., Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Regn. No: 004188S)

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 23-05-2019

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Sukumar Babu

Annexure - "A" to the Independent Auditors' Report (Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report on even date)

- a) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;
 - b) The Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management at regular intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) The title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
- ii. As the company did not procure any Inventory and as such there is no inventory in hand at any point of time, hence paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liabilities partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, reporting under clause (a) to (c) of Para 3(iii) are not applicable.
- iv. The Company has not entered into any transaction in respect of loans, investments, guarantee and securities, which attracts compliance to the provisions of the sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore the paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- v. The Company has not accepted deposits in terms of the provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under. Therefore the paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- vi. Maintenance of cost records u/s 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 not applicable to the Company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the company does not have any tax liability. Therefore the paragraph 3(vii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- viil. The company has not taken any loan or borrowings from any financial institution or Government. The company has not issued debentures. Therefore the paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- ix. The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer.

x. According to the information and explanation given to us by the management which have been relied by us, there were no frauds on or by the company noticed or reported during the period

under audit.

xi. The company has not paid any managerial remuneration. Therefore the provisions of section

197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act 2013 are not applicable.

xii. The company is not a Nidhi Company, therefore para 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

xiii. In our opinion and according to the information provided to use, the transaction entered with

the related partied are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act and are disclosed in

the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

xiv. In our opinion and according to the information provided to us, the company had not made

any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible

debentures during the year.

xv. According to the information provided to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash

transaction with directors or the persons connected with him covered under section 192 of the

Companies Act 2013. Therefore, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the

company.

xvi. According to the information provided to us, the company is not required to be registered

under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Therefore, paragraph 3(xvi) of the

Order is not applicable to the company.

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Regn. No.004188S)

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 23-05-2019

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Membership No: 024293

Sukumar Babu

Gradient Estates Private Limited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	N-4-		(Amount in Rs
I ASSETS	Note	March 31 ,2019	March 31 ,2018
1) Non-current Assets			
Investment property			
Other Non Current Assets	3 4		2,544,20
Total Non-Current Assets	4 -	24,606,750	
Total Non Current Assets		24,606,750	2,544,200
2) Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	57,649	E7 644
Other Current Assets		37,049	57,649
Total Current Assets		57,649	57,649
TOTAL ASSETS		24,664,399	2,601,849
T FOUTTY AND A DATE OF			
I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity Share capital	6	100,000	100,000
b) Instruments entirely equity in naturec) Other equity	6.4	17,168,313	987,209
Total Equity	7	177,280	(727,118
rotal Equity		17,445,593	360,091
Liabilities			
1) Non-current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	8	7,071,881	2 140 005
Total Non-Current Liabilities		7,071,881	2,149,883 2,149,883
		3,703,11,002	2,143,003
2) Current Liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	9	146,925	91,875
Total Current Liabilities		146,925	91,875
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		24,664,399	2,601,849
orporate information and Significant accounting policies	1 & 2		

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 004188S)

C.Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place : Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2019

For and on behalf of the Board

V. Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

Director

Gradient Estates Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2019 (Amount in Rs.) Year ended Year ended Particulars Note March 31, 2019 March 31, 2018 Revenue from Operations II Other income 10 1,294,252 Total Revenue (I + II) III 1,294,252 IV **EXPENSES** Finance costs 11 334,804 173,430 Other expenses 12 55,050 9,710 Total expenses (IV) 389,854 183,140 Profit before exceptional items and tax (III - IV) 904,398 (183,140)VΙ Exceptional items VII Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI) 904,398 (183,140) VIII Tax expense 1) Current tax 2) Deferred tax Profit (Loss) for the period (IX +XII) XIII 904,398 (183,140)XIV Other Comprehensive Income a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss χV Total Comprehensive Income for the period 904,398 (183,140)XVI Earnings per equity share: (In Rs.) 18 1) Basic 90.44 (18.31)2) Diluted 90.44 (18.31)Corporate information and Significant accounting policies 1 & 2

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached

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For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 004188S)

For and on behalf of the Board

C.Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place: Hyderabad Date: 23-05-2019 V. Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

K. Side of

Director

Gradient Estates Private Limited			
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31,	, 2019		
A - Equity Share Capital			
Particulars		Number of shares	Amount in Rs.
Balance as at April 01, 2017		10,000	100.000
Add: Equity shares allotted during the year		-	
Balance as at March 31, 2018		10,000	100,000
Balance as at April 01, 2018 Add: Equity shares allotted during the year		10,000	100,000
Balance as at March 31, 2019	ł	10,000	100,000
		10,000	#00,000
B - Instrument entirely equity in Nature			
			(Amount in Rs.
The state of the s			Loan from Holding
			Company
At 1 April, 2017 Addition during the year			987,209
At 31 March, 2018			987.209
At 1 April, 2018			987,209
Addition during the year			16,181,104
At March 31, 2019			17,168,313
C - Other Equity			
		7 4	(Amount in Rs.)
•	Reserves and	Items of other	
	Surplus	comprehensive	
Particulars		income/(loss)	Total
	Retained	Other items of Other	
	Earning	Comprehensive	
		Income	
Balance as at 1st, April, 2017 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	(543,978)	-	(543,978
,	(183,140)		(183,140
Balance as at March 31, 2018 Balance as at 1st, April, 2018	(727,118)	*	(727,118
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	(727,118) 904,398	-	(727,118 904,398
		-	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	177,280	-	177,280

As per our report of even date attached

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 004188S)

C.Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place : Hyderabad Date : 23-05-2019

For and on behalf of the Board

V. Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

Director

Gradient Estates Private Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31,2019

	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH		(Amount in Rs.)
	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
<u></u>	Cash flow from Operating Activities	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Α,	Profit before tax		
	Adjustments for:	904,398	(183.140)
	(Profit) on sale of Property, plant and equipment		
	Derecognition of Financial liability	(655,800)	-
	Interest Expense on Fair Value of interest free loans	(638,452)	-
	Operating profit/(loss) before Working capital changes	334,804	173,430
	Changes in working capital:	(55,050)	(9,710)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables and prepayments		
	Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and other Payables	55,050	- 210
	The state of the s	55,050	9,710
	Cash generated/ (used) from Operations	33,630	9,710
	Income Taxes (paid) / Refunds		·
	Net Cash flows from / (used in) Operating Activities- (A)		
ь.	Charle Charles Community and the		
B)	Cash flow from Investing Activities		
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	3,200,000	-
	Loans/Advances to others Received / (Repaid)	(24,606,750)	-
	Net Cash flows from / (used in) Investing Activities- (B)	(21,406,750)	
C)	Cash flow from Financing Activities		
	Long term borrowings Received / (Repaid)	5,225,646	
	Instrument entirely equity in nature	16.181.104	-
	Net Cash Flows from / (used in) Financing Activities- (C)	21,406,750	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C)	-	-
	Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	57.640	53.646
	Cash &Cash Equivalents as at end of the year	57.649 57.649	57.649
Not	C:	27,049	57,649
1	Cash & Cash equivalents includes:		
	Cash in Hand	57,649	57,649
	Bank Balance -Current Account	7/,043	37,049

- 2 The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the Indirect Method stated in Ind-AS7 on Cash Flow Statements and presents the cash flows by operating, investing and financing activities.
- 3 Previous year's figures have been regrouped, wherever necessary.

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4 Flaures in brackets represent cash outflows.

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 004188S)

C.Sukumar Babu Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place : Hyderabad Date : 23-05-2019

For and on behalf of the Board

V. Venu Gopal Reddy Director

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

Director

Corporate Information:

The company has been incorporated in December 19, 2008 as a private limited company and its registered office at KNR House, 3rd Floor Plot No. 114, Phase-I, Kavuri Hills Hyderabad. This company is subsidiary of KNRC Holdings and Investments Private Limited and ultimate holding company is KNR Constructions Limited.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

2.2 Basis of Preparation & Presentation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

2.3 Current and non-current classification

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current, wherever applicable, as per the operating cycle of the Company as per Schedule III to the Act.

2.4 Fair Value Measurement

The company measures certain financial instruments and other items in its financial statements at fair value at each balance sheet date.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within fair value hierarchy based on the low level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (observable inputs).
- Level 3 Inputs for the assets and liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

2.5 Investment property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured in accordance with the Ind AS 16's requirement for cost model.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no further economic benefits expected from disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included in profit or loss in the period is which the property is derecognized.

2.6 Financial instruments

i. Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Financial asset is

- · Cash / Equity Instrument of another Entity,
- · Contractual right to
 - a) receive Cash / another Financial Asset from another Entity, or
 - b) exchange Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities with another Entity under conditions that are potentially favourable to the Entity.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- Amortized cost;
- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities

Financial liability is Contractual Obligation to

- · deliver Cash or another Financial Asset to another Entity, or
- exchange Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities with another Entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Entity

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

ii. De-recognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

iii. Impairment

Impairment of financial instruments

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- Financial assets that are measured at amortized cost
- Trade receivables

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component. The application of simplified approach does not require the company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of Impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into cash-generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of a CGU (or an individual asset) is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU (or the asset).

An impairment loss is recognized, if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment loss recognized in respect of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

Cash and cash equivalents 2.7

Cash and bank balances are considered as cash and cash equivalents.

Provisions 2.8

Provisions are recognised only when:

- a) An entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event
- b) It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- c) A reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Reimbursement expected in respect of expenditure required to settle a provision is recognised only when it is virtually certain that the reimbursement will be received.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

Contingent liability, Contingent Assets and Commitments 2.9

Contingent liability is disclosed in case of

- a) A present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation
- b) A present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible.

Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure. Commitments are classified and disclosed as follows:

- a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not
- non-cancellable commitments, if any, to the extent they are considered material and relevant to be opinion of management.

c) Other commitments related to sales/procurements made in the normal course of business are not disclosed to avoid excessive details.

Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets and Commitments are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

Revenue recognition 2.10

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" with the date of initial application being April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115, revenue from contracts with customers, mandatory for reporting period beginning on or after April 1, 2018 replaced existing revenue recognition requirements i.e. Ind AS 18 Revenue Recognition and Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts. There were no significant adjustments required to the retained earnings as on April 1,

To recognize revenue, the Company applies the following five step approach:

- (1) Identify the contract with a customer
- (2) Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- (3) Determine the transaction price
- (4) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation in the contract, and
- (5) Recognize revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Interest income: Finance income is accrued on a time proportion basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable Effective interest rate (EIR). Other income is accounted for on accrual basis. Where the receipt of income is uncertain, it is accounted for on

Other Items of Income: Other items of income are accounted as and when the right to receive arises and it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

Cash Flow Statement 2.11

The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with Ind AS 7 by using indirect method by segregating as cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. Under the Cash flow from operating activities, the net profit is adjusted for the effects of Non-cash items, Changes in working capital and other items for which the cash effects are investing or financing cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) are reflected as such in the Cash Flow Statement. Those amounts which are not considered in cash and cash equivalents as on the date of Balance Sheet are included in investing activities.

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are shortterm balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition).

Earnings per share 2.12

a) Basic Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury share.

b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive

• The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been potential equity shares, and totanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Borrowing Costs 2.13

Borrowing costs include interest expense calculated using the effective interest method. Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of cost of such asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Key accounting estimates and judgments 2.14

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets, liabilities (including contingent liabilities), income and expenses. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize. Estimates include the property plant and equipment, inventory, future obligations in respect of retirement benefit plans, provisions, fair value measurement and taxes etc.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financials assets and financial liabilities recorded in the Balance Sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques, including the discounted cash flow model, which involve various judgments and assumptions.

Standards issued but not effective 2.15

On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 116, Leases. Ind AS116 will replace the existing leases Standard, Ind AS 17 Leases, and related Interpretations. The Standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract i.e., the lessee and the lessor. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than twelve months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Currently, operating lease expenses are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss. The Standard also contains enhanced disclosure requirements for lessees. Ind AS 116 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in Ind AS 17.

The effective date for adoption of Ind AS 116 is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The standard permits two possible methods of transition:

Full retrospective - Retrospectively to each prior period presented applying Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

Modified retrospective - Retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

The effect of adoption as on transition date would not impact the financial statements.

3 Investment Property

(Amount in Rs.)

		(711104114 111 11017)	
Particulars	Land - Free Hold	Grand Total	
Cost or Deemed cost			
As at April 01, 2017	2,544,200	2,544,200	
Additions	-	-	
Disposals/Adjustments	-		
As at March 31, 2018	2,544,200	2,544,200	
Depreciation			
As at April 01, 2017	-	-	
Charge for the period	-	-	
Disposals/Adjustments		_	
As at March 31, 2018			
Net block	2,544,200	2,544,200	
As at March 31, 2018 As at March 31, 2017	2,544,200	2,544,200	
Cost or Deemed cost		1/01/1/200	
	2 544 300	3 544 300	
As at April 01, 2018	2,544,200	2,544,200	
Additions	(2,544,200)	(2,544,200)	
Disposals/Adjustments As at March 31, 2019	(2,344,200)	(2,344,200)	
Depreciation			
As at April 01, 2018	_	••	
Charge for the period	_	-	
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	
As at March 31, 2019	· •	-	
Net block			
As at March 31, 2019	•	•	
As at March 31, 2018	2,544,200	2,544,200	

Note: The management estimates Fair value of the property as on March 31, 2019 is Nil and PY 2017-18 is Rs. 28.83 lakhs

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties. Where such information is not available, the Company consider information from a variety of sources including:

- current prices in an active market for properties of different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences.
- discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows.
- capitalised income projections based upon a property's estimated net market income, and a capitalisation rate derived from an analysis of market evidence.

The fair values of investment properties have been determined by management. The main inputs used are the rental growth rates, expected vacancy rates, terminal yields and discount rates based on comparable transactions and industry data. All resulting fair value estimates for investment properties are included in level 3.



4 Other Non Current Assets				
			As at	(Amount in Rs.)
			March 31, 2019	March 31, 201
Advances to Related Party (Refer note: 19) Capital Advances			24,606.750	
Total			24,606,750	
Cash and Cash Equivalents				(Amount in Rs.
			As at March 31, 2019	March 31, 201
Cash on hand				
Total			57,649	57,649
			57,649	57,649
Equity Chara Caribal				
Equity Share Capital				(Amount in Rs.)
			As at	
Authorised Share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		March 31, 2019	March 31, 201
		1	100,000	100.00
Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each			100,000	100,00
(Wholly Owned subsidiary of KNRC Holdings and Investments Pr	rivate Limited)			
Total			100,000	100,00
.1 The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity to one vote per share.	shares having a pa	or value of Rs.	10/ Each holder of equity	shares is entitled
2 The details of shareholder holding more than 5% shares as at M	larch 31, 2019 and	March 31, 201	8 is set out below:	
	March 3	1, 2019	March 31, 7	018
ame of the shareholder	No. of	0	No. of	
	Shares	% held	Shares	% held
NRC Holdings and Investments Pvt. Ltd.,	10,000	100	10,000	100
.3 The recondilation of the number of shares outstanding at the be				
	March 3	1, 2019	March 31, 2	2018
	No. of	Amount in		6
	Shares	Rupees	No. of Shares	Amount in Rupees
			No. of Shares	Rupees
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back	Shares	Rupees		Rupees
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back	Shares 10,000	Rupees		100,000
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Eguity Shares at the end of the year	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000	100,000
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Eguity Shares at the end of the year	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 - 10,000 As at	100,000 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs.
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019	100,000 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs.
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Eguity Shares at the end of the year	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 - 10,000 As at March 31, 2019	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19)	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19)	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 - 10,000 As at March 31, 2019	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201: 987,205
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19)	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 17,168,313	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201 987,200 (Amount In Rs.
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201 987,200 (Amount In Rs.
dd: Number of Shares Issued sss: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201: 987,205 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201:
dd: Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back number of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 17,168,313 As at March 31, 2019	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201 987,205 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201: (543,97: (183,14)
dd: Number of Shares Issued sss: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 - 17,168,313 As at March 31, 2019 (727,118) 904,398	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201 987,200 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201 (543,97) (183,14) (727,116
dd: Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 17,168,313 As at March 31, 2019 (727,118) 904,398 177,280	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201: 987,205 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: (543,97) (183,144) (727,118
dd: Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 17,168,313 As at March 31, 2019 (727,118) 904,398 177,280	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201) 987,205 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 2011) (543,976 (183,144 (727,118
dd: Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period Total (a+b)	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 17,168,313 As at March 31, 2019 (727,118) 904,398 177,280 177,280 As at	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: 987,205 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: (543,978 (183,14) (727,118 (727,118
dd: Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature toan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period Total (a+b) Borrowings	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: 987,205 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: (543,97: (183,14) (727,118 (727,118
dd: Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period Total (a+b) Borrowings	\$hares 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 17,168,313 As at March 31, 2019 (727,118) 904,398 177,280 177,280 As at	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201 987,209 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201 (727,118 (727,118 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period Total (a+b) Borrowings Ion-current Unsecured Ioans From related parties (Refer note: 19)	10,000 - 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 17,168,313 As at March 31, 2019 (727,118) 904,398 177,280 177,280 As at March 31, 2019	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201 987,205 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: (727,118 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: (727,118 (Amount in Rs.
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year i.4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period Total (a+b) Borrowings Ion-current Unsecured loans From related parties (Refer note: 19) Total Note: Intercorporate loans to related parties carried at fair value	10,000 - 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 17,168,313 As at March 31, 2019 (727,118) 904,398 177,280 177,280 As at March 31, 2019 7,071,881	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201: 987,205 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201: (543,97) (183,14) (727,118 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201: 2,149,88:
dd: Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back lumber of Equity Shares at the end of the year i.4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period Total (a+b) Borrowings Ion-current Unsecured loans From related parties (Refer note: 19) Total Note: Intercorporate loans to related parties carried at fair value	10,000 - 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 17,168,313 As at March 31, 2019 (727,118) 904,398 177,280 177,280 As at March 31, 2019 7,071,881	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: 987,205 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: (543,978 (183,144 (727,118 (727,118 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: 2,149,883
dd:- Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year i.4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period Total (a+b) Borrowings Ion-current Unsecured loans From related parties (Refer note: 19) Total Note: Intercorporate loans to related parties carried at fair value	10,000 - 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 - 17,168,313 - 17,168,313 - As at March 31, 2019 - (727,118) 904,398 177,280 - 177,280 - 177,280 - As at March 31, 2019 - 7,071,881 - 7,071,881 - As at	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs.) March 31, 2018 987,209 (Amount In Rs.) March 31, 2018 (543,976 (183,140 (727,118 (727,118 (Amount In Rs.) March 31, 2018 2,149,883 (Amount In Rs.)
dd: Number of Shares Issued ess: Number of Shares Bought Back umber of Equity Shares at the end of the year .4 Instruments entirely Equity in nature Loan from Holding Company (Refer note: 19) Other Equity Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period Total (a+b) Borrowings Ion-current Unsecured loans From related parties (Refer note: 19) Total Note: Intercorporate loans to related parties carried at fair value Other Financial Liabilities	10,000 - 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 17,168,313 17,168,313 As at March 31, 2019 (727,118) 904,398 177,280 177,280 As at March 31, 2019 7,071,881 7,071,881 As at March 31, 2019	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201) 987,205 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 2011 (543,978 (183,144 (727,118 (727,118 (Amount in Rs. March 31, 201) 2,149,883 (Amount in Rs.
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period Total (a+b) Borrowings Jon-current Unsecured loans From related parties (Refer note: 19)	10,000 - 10,000	Rupees 100,000	10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 - 10,000 As at March 31, 2019 - 17,168,313 - 17,168,313 - As at March 31, 2019 - (727,118) 904,398 177,280 - 177,280 - 177,280 - As at March 31, 2019 - 7,071,881 - 7,071,881 - As at	Rupees 100,000 100,000 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201) 987,205 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 2011 (543,976 (183,144 (727,118 (727,118 (Amount In Rs. March 31, 201) 2,149,883 (Amount In Rs.

10 Other Income

		(Amount in Rs.)
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Other non-operating Income		
Derecognition of Financial Liability	638,452	÷
Profit on Sale of Assets	655,800	-
Total	1,294,252	*
11 Finance Costs		(Amount In Rs.)
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Interest Expense on Fair Value of interest free loans	334,804	173,430

12 Other Expenses

12 Other Expenses		(Amount in Rs.)
	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Filing Fees	4,050	310
Audit Fee	15,000	5,900
Professional Fee	36,000	3,500
Total	55,050	9,710



Gradient Estates Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements

13 Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and for the future development of the Company. In order to maintain or achieve an optimal capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment, return on capital to shareholders or issue of new shares.

The Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 was as follows:

Particulare	March 31, 2019	(Amount in Rs.) March 31, 2018
Debts	7,071,881	2,149,883
Less: Cash and Cash equivalents	57,649	\$7,649
Adjusted net debt	7,014,232	2,092,234
Total equity	17,445,593	360,091
Adjusted equity	17,445,593	360,091
Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio	0,40	\$,81

Foot Note: Debt includes Long Term Borrowings (including Current Maturities) and Interest accrued there on.

14 Financial Instruments - Pair values and risk management
A. Accounting classifications and fair values
The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

March 31, 2019	······································	Carrying amount	(Amount in Rs.)
PARTICULARS	PVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total carrying
Financial assets		1	amount
Cash and cash equivalents		57,649 57,649	57,649 37,649
Financial liabilities Unsecured loans		7.071.881	7,071,881
Other financial Habilities	<u>-</u>	146,925 7,218,806	146,925 7,218,806

	(Amount in Rs.)			
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
			•	
			<u> </u>	
	7.071,881] .	7.071,881	
- 1	146,925	} ·l	146,925	
•	7,218,806		7,210,006	

The management assessed the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost are approximate to the fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

March 31, 2018			(Amount In Rs.)
	Carrying amount		
PARTICULARS	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total carrying amount
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		57,649	\$7,649
		57,649	57,649
Financial liabilities			
Unsecured loans		2,149,883	2,149,883
Other financial liabilities	L -	91,875	91,875
		2,241,758	2,241,758

			(Amount in Rs.)		
	Fair Value				
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
	•				
	-	-			
. 1	2,149,883	-	2,149,883		
	91,675	1 -	91,875		
-	2,241,758		2,241,758		

The management assessed the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost are approximate to the fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.



14 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Contd..)

B. Financial risk management The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

a) credit risk

b) liquidity risk

c) market risk

The company's focus is to estimate a vulnerability of financial risk and to address the issue to minimize the potential adverse effects of its financial

a) Credit risk
Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument falls to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers; loans and investments in debt securities. The Company is not exposed to Credit risk as it don't have any trade receivables and loans and investments.

b) Liquidity risk
Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company uses activity-based costing to cost its products and services, which assists it in monitoring cash flow requirements and optimising its cash return on investments. Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial flabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual Interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

As at March 31, 2019		Contractual Cash flows			
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Up to 1 year	1 to 3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities Un Secured loans Other financial liabilities	7.071.881 146.925	15,000	2.121.564	131,925	7.071,881 146,925
	7,218,806	15,000	2,121,564	5,082,242	7,218,806

As at March 31, 2018					(Amount in Rs.)
24 44 114 141 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24		Contractual	Cash flows		Tabal
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Up to 1 year	1 to 3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivative financial flabilities Un Secured loans Other financial flabilities	2.149.883 91.875 2.241.758	5,900 5,90 0	644.965 644,965	1,504,918 85,975 1,590,893	2,149,883 91,875 2,241,758

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

 Foreign currency risk
 Foreign Currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rate. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk as it has no borrowing or no material payables in foreign currency.

ii) Interest rate risk

Account Co.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to Interest rate risk as it has no variable interest bearing borrowings.

anat the fa III) Price risk
Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest reteries or currency risk). The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk as it has no Investments.

15. Contingent Liability and Commitments: Nil

16. Segment Reporting

there are no reportable segments under Ind AS 108

17. Auditor's remuneration charged to the accounts:

, Additor's Territories and 302 to the	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year Ended March 31, 2018
Audit fees	15,000	5,900

18. Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 33 "Earnings Per Share(EPS)"

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
i. Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders(basic)	9,04,398	(1,83,140)
ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (basic)	10,000	10,000
Basic EPS	90.44	(18.31)
i. Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders(diluted)	9,04,398	(1,83,140)
ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (diluted)	10,000	10,000
Diluted EPS	90.44	(18.31)

19. As per Ind AS 24, "Related Party Disclosure" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the disclosures of transactions with the Related Parties as defined in the Accounting Standard are as follows:

A. List of related parties and relationships:

S. No.	Name of the related party	Nature of relationship		
1	KNRC Holdings and Investments Pvt. Ltd.,	Holding Company		
- 2	KNR Constructions Limited	Ultimate Holding Company		
3	Patel KNR JV	Joint venture of Ultimate Holding Company		
4	Mr. V. Venu Gopal Reddy	Director (appointed w.e.f 19-03-2018)		
5	Mrs. K. Yashoda	Director (appointed w.e.f 19-03-2018)		
6	Mr. K. Narasimha Reddy	Director (resigned w.e.f 28-03-2018)		
7	Mr. K. Jalandhar Reddy	Director (resigned w.e.f 28-03-2018)		

B. Transactions with related parties during the year ended

(Amount in Rs.)

			111001110111111111111111111111111111111
Name of the related party	Nature of transactions	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
KNRC Holdings and	Advance received/(repaid)	45,950	8,810
Investments Pvt. Ltd.,	Instrument entirely equity in nature	1,61,81,104	
	Unsecured loan	45,87,194	-
	Interest on Unsecured loan	3,34,804	1,73,430
Patel KNR JV	Advance (given)	(2,46,06,750)	

C. Balances outstanding

(Amount in Rs.)

Name of the related party	Nature transactions	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
	Equity Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
KNRC Holdings and The	Instrument entirely equity	1,71,68,313	9,87,209
Pvt. Ltd.,	Advance received	1,31,925	85,975
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Upsecured loan	70,71,881	21,49,883
Patel KNR JV	Advance given	2,46,06,750	-

20. Reconciliation between the Opening and Closing balances in the financial statement for Financial Liabilities and Assets arising from Financial Activities (Ind AS - 7)

ſΑ	m	Δı	ın	t	in	Rs.	١
\cdot		Vι	111	L	111	rs.	

Particulars	Long Term Borrowings	Instrument entirely equity in nature
Opening Balance	21,49,883	987,209
Cash flows		
- Received	2,50,76,835	-
- Repayment	(1,98,51,189)	-
Non Cash items	(3,03,648)	1,61,81,104
Closing Balance	70,71,881	1,71,68,313

21. Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on May 23, 2019

22. Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary.

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No.004188S)

For and on behalf of the Board

C. Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293 Place: Hyderabad

Date: 23-05-2019

V. Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

Director