

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of KNR Agrotech And Beverages Private Limited

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **KNR Agrotech And Beverages Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement Cash Flow for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs(financial position), profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid

Ground Floor, Plot No: 24A, H No:7-1-636/24A, Model Colony, \$\)

Nagar, Hyderabad-38

Preved Accountain



Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31st March, 2021, and its profit/loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The company does not have any branches.
 - d) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - e) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
 - f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. The Company not issued dividend from inspection of the company, hence transfer of funds not arising.

For Govardhan & Co., Chartered Accountants

Firm's Regn. No: 018449S

P.Govardhan Reddy

Membership No: 229071 UDIN:20229071AAAABP7859

Place: Hyderabad Date: 05-05-2021 Hyderabad FRN: 0184498



Annexure – "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report (Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report on even date)

- i. a) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;
 - b) The Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management at regular intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c) The title deeds of immoveable properties are held in the name of the company.
- ii. As the company did not procure any inventory and as such there is no inventory in hand at any point of time, hence paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liabilities partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, reporting under clause (a) to (c) of Para 3(iii) are not applicable.
- iv. The Company has not entered into any transaction in respect of loans, investments, guarantee and securities, which attracts compliance to the provisions of the sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore the paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- v. The Company has not accepted deposits in terms of the provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under. Therefore the paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- vi. Maintenance of cost records u/s 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 not applicable to the Company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the company does not have any tax liability. Therefore the paragraph 3(vii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- viii. The company has not taken any loan or borrowings from any financial institution or Government. The company has not issued debentures. Therefore the paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- ix. Money raised by way of term loan were applied for the purpose for which it was raised. The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer.
- x. According to the information and explanation given to us by the management which have been relied by us, there were no frauds on or by the company noticed or reported during the period under audit.
- xi. The company has not paid any managerial remuneration. Therefore the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act 2013 are not applicable.

xii. The company is not a Nidhi Company, therefore para 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

Ground Floor, Plot No: 24A, H No:7-1-636/24A, Model Colony, S R Nagar, Hyderabad



- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information provided to use, the transaction entered with the related partied are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act and are disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. In our opinion and according to the information provided to us, the company had not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information provided to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with directors or the persons connected with him covered under section 192 of the Companies Act 2013. Therefore, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- xvi. According to the information provided to us, the company is not required to be registered under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Therefore, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the company.

Hyderabad FRN: 0184498

Tered Acco

For Govardhan & Co.,

Chartered Accountants Firm's Regn. No: 018449S

P.Govardhan Reddy Membership No: 229071

UDIN: 20229071AAAABP7859

Place: Hyderabad Date: 05-05-2021

Particulars	Note	March 31,2021	(Amount in Rs. March 31, 2020
I ASSETS			
1) Non-current Assets			
 a) Property, plant and equipment 	3	19,414,383	19,829,93
Total Non-Current Assets		19,414,383	19,829,93
2) Current Assets			
a) Financial assets			
i) Trade receivables	4	1,500,000	1,500,00
ii) Cash and cash equivalents	5	4,521,398	3,021,78
iii) Other Financial Asset	6	1,200	1,20
b) Other current assets	7 _	7,869	
Total Current Assets		6,030,467	4,522,981
TOTAL ASSE	rs _	25,444,850	24,352,918
I EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity	i i		
a) Equity Share capital	8	100.000	100.000
b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	8.4	1,284,740	100,000 1,284,740
c) Other equity	9	4,874,637	4,937,00
Total Equity		6,259,377	6,321,741
Liabilities			
1) Non-current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	10	2,963,725	2,963,725
Total Non-Current Liabilities		2,963,725	2,963,725
2) Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	11	16,221,748	15,067,453
Total Current Liabilities	**	16,221,748	15,067,453
			,,
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIE	s	25,444,850	24,352,918

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached

> Hyderabad FRN: 018449S

Prezed Accounted

For Govardhan & Co., Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 018449

CA Govardhan Reddy P Membership No: \$29071

UDIN: 212290 Place: Hyderabad Date: 05-05-2021

For and on behalf of the Board

V. Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

Director

DIN No: 05157487

KNR Agrotech & Beverages Private Limited
Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended March 31, 2021

(Amount in Rs.)

	PARTICULARS	Note	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
			Reviewed	Reviewed
I	Revenue from Operations	12	1,500,000	2,356,710
II	Other income	13	~	44,018
III	Total Revenue (I + II)		1,500,000	2,400,728
IV	Expenses			
	Employee benefits expense	14	157,950	120,820
	Finance costs	15	384	240,132
	Depreciation and amortization expense	16	415,554	443,937
	Other expenses	17	988,476	264,863
	Total expenses (IV)		1,562,364	1,069,752
V	Profit before exceptional items and tax (III - IV)		(62,364)	1,330,976
VI VII	Exceptional items Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI)		(62,364)	1,330,976
VIII	Tax expense		(02,304)	1,530,370
ATTI	1) Current tax		_	-
	Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods		_	(338,632)
	3) Deferred tax		_	(000,100,
	by bolaned tax		_	(338,632)
ΙX	Profit (Loss) for the period (VII-VIII)		(62,364)	1,669,608
X	Other Comprehensive Income			
а) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
ΧI	Total Comprehensive Income for the period		(62,364)	1,669,608
XII	Earnings per equity share: (In Rs.)	23		
	1) Basic		(6.24)	166.96
	2) Diluted		(6.24)	166.96

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

Hyderahad FRN: 018449S

ered Accoun

As per our report of even date attached

For Govardhan & Co.,

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 0184495) DIIA For and on behalf of the Board

CA Govardhan Reddy P Membership No: 229071

UDIN:

Place : Hyderabad Date : 05-05-2021 V.Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

Director

DIN No: 05157487

KNR Agrotech & Beverages Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended March 31, 2021 (Amount in Rs.) Ouarter ended Year ended Year ended Quarter ended PARTICULARS Quarter ended Note December 31, March 31, 2021 March 31, 2020 March 31, 2021 March 31, 2020 2020 Reviewed 2,356,710 Reviewed 500,000 Reviewed 1,500,000 Reviewed 1,500,000 Reviewed Revenue from Operations 12 1,000,000 Other income Total Revenue (I + II) II III 13 ,500,000 500,000 1,500,000 1,000,000 Expenses Employee benefits expense ΙV 14 15 16 17 157,950 384 415,554 120,820 240,132 443,937 30,000 31,950 30,000 Prinance costs
Depreciation and amortization expense
Other expenses
Total expenses (IV) 30,000 61,667 110,859 101,804 304,330 1,195,671 31,950 88 105,437 635,708 773,184 226,816 89 96,699 264,863 1,069,752 1,330,976 51,125 177,913 322,087 Profit before exceptional items and tax (III - IV)
Exceptional items
Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI) (62,364) 1,330,976 1,195,671 226,816 322,087 Tax expense 1) Current tax Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods
 Deferred tax (338.632) (338,632) 1,669,608 Profit (Loss) for the period (VII-VIII)
Other Comprehensive Income
a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss
b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss
Total Comprehensive Income for the period ΙX (62,364) 322,087 226,816 1,195,671 XΙ (62,364) 1,669,608 322,087 1,195,671 226,816 XII Earnings per equity share: (In Rs.) 23 1) Basic 2) Diluted 166.96 166.96 32.21 32.21 119.57 119.57 22.68 22.68

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements
As per our report of even date attached
For Govardhan & Co.,
Chartered Accountants

Cirarierea Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 0184495)

Hyderabad ADS-OPIN FRN: 018449S CA Govardhan Reddy P Membership No: 229071 Carrered Accountation

Place : Hvderabad

Date: 05-05-2021

V.Venu Gopal Reddy Director DIN No: 08089571

Ò

Ø,

For and on behalf of the Board

Director DIN No: 05157487

A - Equity Share Capital			
		Number of shares	Amount in Rs.
As at April 01, 2019		10,000	100,000
Changes in equity share capital during the year			
As at March 31, 2020		10,000	100,000
As at April 01, 2020 Changes in equity share capital during the year		10,000	100,000
As at March 31, 2021		10,000	100.000
		10,000	100,000
B - Instrument entirely equity in Nature			
			(Amount in Rs.
			Loan from Holding
			Company
As at April 01, 2019			1,284,740
Addition during the year			_
Less: Adjustment/deletion			-
As at March 31, 2020			1,284,740
As at April 01, 2020			1,284,740
Addition during the year			-
ess: Adjustment/deletion			
As at March 31, 2021			1,284,740
C - Other Equity			
		Other	
	Reserves and	Comprehensive	
	Surplus	items	
Particulars		Other items of	Total
		Other	
	Retained Earning	Comprehensive	
		Income	
As at April 01, 2019 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	3,267,393		3,267,393
As at March 31, 2020	1,669,608		1,669,608
as at April 01, 2020	4,937,001 4,937,001	-	4,937,001
otal Comprehensive Income for the Year	(62,364)	1	4,937,001 (62,364)
s at March 31, 2021	4,874,637	**	4,874,637
no accompanying notes forming and of the fire -i-l	statements		
s per our report of even date attached		For and on behalf of	the Board
or Govardhan & Co., hartered Accountants		For and on behalf of	the Board
or Govardhan & Co., Chartered Accountants		For and on behalf of	the Board
or Govardhan & Co., Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 0184498)		For and on behalf of	the Board
or Govardhan & Co., hartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 018408) Hyderabad			1
or Govardhan & Co., hartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 018408) Hyderabad	ک ـ مـ ⊶		1
or Govardhan & Co., thartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 016438) Hyderahad FRN: 018449S	g wpen		
or Govardhan & Co., thartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 016438) Hyderahad FRN: 018449S	V.Venu Gonal Reddy	8	Kodora
Firm's Registration No. 0184498) Hyderabad	V.Venu Gopal Reddy Director	8	

Place: Hyderabad Date: 05-05-2021

	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	(Amount in Rs. Year ended March 31, 2020
١)	Cash flow from Operating Activities		1.0.0.7 027 2020
	Profit before tax	(62,364)	1.330,97
	Adjustments for:		4,000,00
	Depreciation and Amortization Expenses Interest Expense on Fair Value of interest free loans	415,554	443,93
	Finance costs	-	239.71
	Derecognition of Financial Liability	384	41
	Operating profit before working capital changes	-	
		353,574	2,015,04
	Changes in working capital:		
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables and prepayments	(7,869)	143.29
	Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and other Payables Cash generated/ (used) from Operations	1,154,296	385,68
	Income Taxes (paid) / Refunds	1,500,000	2,544,01
		-	338,63
	Net Cash flows from / (used in) Operating Activities- (A)	1,500,000	2,882,65
)	Cash flow from Investing Activities		
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	_	
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment and Capital Work-in-Progress		-
	TDS on Interest Received	_	_
	Net Cash flows from / (used in) Investing Activities- (B)	*	-
)	Cash flow from Financing Activities		
•	Finance cost paid	(204)	***
		(384)	(41
	Net Cash Flows from / (used in) Financing Activities- (C)	(384)	(41
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C)	1,499,616	2,882,23
	Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	3.021,781	139.54
	Cash &Cash Equivalents as at end of the year (Closing balance)	4,521,398	3,021,78
	e:		
	Cash & Cash equivalents includes:		
	Cash in Hand	10,000	10,00
	Bank Balance - Current Account	4.511,398	3,011,78

Hyderabad FRN: 018449S

Priered Account

4 Figures in brackets represent cash outflows.
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements
For Govardhan & Co.,
Chartered Accountants Chartered Accountants
(Firm's Registration No. 0184495)

Hyderabad
FRN: 0404405

CA Govardnan Reddy P Membership No: 2290 1

For and on behalf of the Board

V.Venu Gopal Reddy

Director DIN No: 08089571

Director DIN No: 05157487

K. Yashoda

Place : Hyderabad Date : 05-05-2021

1. Corporate Information:

The company has been incorporated in April 25, 2008 as a private limited company and its registered office at KNR House, 3rd Floor Plot No. 114, Phase-I, Kavuri Hills Hyderabad. This company is subsidiary of KNR Constructions Limited.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2,1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been presented in Rs. unless otherwise indicated.

2.3 Basis of Preparation & Presentation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

2.4 Current and non-current classification

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current, wherever applicable, as per the operating cycle of the Company as per Schedule III to the Act.

2.5 Fair Value Measurement

The company measures certain financial instruments and other items in its financial statements at fair value at each balance sheet date.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within fair value hierarchy based on the low level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (observable inputs).

Level 3 – Inputs for the assets and liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment(PPE)

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item do working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removings the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials and direct labor, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

Depreciation is calculated on cost of items of property, plant and equipment in the manner and as per the useful life prescribed under Schedule-II to the Act except the below mentioned assets, and is generally recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Depreciation on additions (disposals) is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from (up to) the date on which asset is ready for use (disposed of).

Depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

For the Assets costing up to Rs. 5,000 are depreciated fully in the year of purchase.

2.7 Capital work in progress

Capital work-in-progress are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing cost less refundable taxes.

Amortization shall be based on the useful life of the trees (i.e. assumed as 35 years)

Financial instruments 2.8

i. Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Financial asset is

- Cash / Equity Instrument of another Entity,
- Contractual right to
 - a) Receive Cash / another Financial Asset from another Entity, or
 - b) Exchange Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities with another Entity under conditions those are potentially favorable to the Entity.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- Amortized cost;
- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities

Financial liability is Contractual Obligation to

- deliver Cash or another Financial Asset to another Entity, or
- exchange Financial Assets of Financial Liabilities with another Entity under conditions

that are potentially untavolable to the Entity

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial and held for trading are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial

To red Accounts

liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

ii. De-recognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

iii. Impairment

Impairment of financial instruments

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- Financial assets that are measured at amortized cost
- Trade receivables

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component. The application of simplified approach does not require the company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into cash-generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of a CGU (or an individual asset) is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU (or the asset).

An impairment loss is recognized, if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment loss recognized in respect of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.



2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and bank balances are considered as cash and cash equivalents.

2.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised only when:

- a) An entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event
- b) It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- c) A reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Reimbursement expected in respect of expenditure required to settle a provision is recognised only when it is virtually certain that the reimbursement will be received.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.11 Contingent liability, Contingent Assets and Commitments

Contingent liability is disclosed in case of

- a) A present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation
- b) A present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible.

Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure. Commitments are classified and disclosed as follows:

- a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for
- b) Other non-cancellable commitments, if any, to the extent they are considered material and relevant in the opinion of management.
- c) Other commitments related to sales/procurements made in the normal course of business are not disclosed to avoid excessive details.

Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets and Commitments are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

2.12 Revenue recognition

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" with the date of initial application being April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115, revenue from contracts with customers, mandatory for reporting period beginning on or after April 1, 2018 replaced existing revenue recognition requirements i.e. Ind AS 18 Revenue Recognition and Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts. There were no significant adjustments required to the retained earnings as on April 1, 2018.

To recognize revenue, the Company applies the following five step approach:

- (1) Identify the contract with a customer
- (2) Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- (3) Determine the transaction price
- (4) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation in the contract, and
- (5) Recognize revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenue shall be recognised when (a) The company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;

(b) The amount of ende can be measured reliably;

- (c) It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company; and
- (d) The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.13 Cash Flow Statement

The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with Ind AS 7 by using indirect method by segregating as cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. Under the Cash flow from operating activities, the net profit is adjusted for the effects of Non-cash items, Changes in working capital and other items for which the cash effects are investing or financing cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) are reflected as such in the Cash Flow Statement. Those amounts which are not considered in cash and cash equivalents as on the date of Balance Sheet are included in investing activities.

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition).

2,14 Earnings per share

a) Basic Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the company
- By the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury share.

b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjust the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.15 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs include interest expense calculated using the effective interest method. Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of cost of such asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.16 Key accounting estimates and judgement

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets, liabilities (including contingent liabilities), income and expenses. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize. Estimates include the property plant and equipment, inventory; future obligations in respect of retirement benefit plans, provisions, fair value measurement and taxes etc.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financials assets and financial liabilities recorded in the Balance Sheet cannot be measured based on autotet prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques, including the discounted cash flow model, which involve various judgement and assumptions

Hyderabad FRN: 018449S

ered Account

3 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT									
Particulars	Land - Free Hold	Buildings	Plant and Equipment	Electrical Machinery	Tractors & Harvesting Combines	Vehicles	Total	Capital Work-in- Progress	(Amount in Rs.) Grand Total
Cost or Deemed cost As at Abril 01, 2019 Additions	995'06E'8	1,261,831	13,827,279	1,632,345	1,150,688	262,906	26,525,615		26,525,615
Disposals/ Adjustments		1 1	2	ž į		1 1	1 1	1 (ŧ
As at March 31, 2020	8,390,566	1,261,831	13,827,279	1,632,345	1,150,688	262,906	26,525,615	-	26.525.615
Accumulated Depreciation As at April 01, 2019 Charde for the period Disposals/ Adjustments	1 1 1	427,073	2,954,135	1,550,727	1,074,139	245,667 1,795	6,251,741	1 1	6,251,741
As at March 31, 2020	ŝ	467,754	3,342,169	1,550,727	1,087,566	247,462	6,695,678	1	6.695.678
Net Diock As at March 31, 2020 As at March 31, 2019	8,390,566 8,390,566	794,077 834,758	10,485,110	81,618	63,122	15,444	19,829,937		19,829,937
Cost or Deemed cost		V m Hayan		24274	21270		20,2/3,8/4	-	20,273,874
As at Abril 01, 2020 Additions	8,390,566	1,261,831	13,827,279	1,632,345	1,150,688	262,906	26,525,615	•	26,525,615
Disposals/ Adjustments	1	1	,	•	t 1	. :	1 1	1 (Ē
As at March 31, 2021	8,390,566	1,261,831	13,827,279	1,632,345	1,150,688	262,906	26,525,615		26 525 615
Accumulated Depreciation As at April 01, 2020	ı	467,754	3,342,169	1.550.727	1.087.566	747 462	023 203 3	Total Management of the Control of t	
Charge for the period	,	38,593	375,635	,		1,326	415,554	1 1	6,695,678
As at March 31, 2021		506 347	3 717 804	י בבר אשם ו	1 001 100				J
Net block			2007	47,000,00	7,007,200	748,788	7,111,232	1	7,111,232
As at March 31, 2021 As at March 31, 2020	8,390,566	755,484	10,109,475	81,618	63,122	14,118	19,414,383	P.	19,414,383
		770457	011,004,01	010,10	63,122	15,444	19,829,937	1	19,829,937



4 - Trade Receivables				/ h h m
		-	As March 21 2024	
Unsecured, considered good	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Other Debts			1,500,000	1,500,0
Total			1,500,000	1,500,0
5 - Cash and Cash Equivalents				
			As	(Amount in R
Balances with banks:			March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
- in current accounts Cash on hand			4,511,398	3,011,7
Total		_	10,000	10,0
			4,521,398	3,021,78
6 - Other Financial Assets				(Amount in Rs
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	As . March 31, 2021	
Security Deposits				
Total		_	1,200	1,2{
			1,200	1,20
7 - Other Current Assets				(Amount in Re
		•	As : March 31, 2021	
Prepaid Expenses				Platell 31, 2020
Total			7,869	-
			7,869	
8 - Equity Share Capital				(Amount in Rs
			As a March 31, 2021	at
Authorised Share capital			March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each		_	100,000	100.00
Issued, subscribed & fully paid share cap	ital			
10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (Wholly owned subsidiary of KNR Constructions	s Ltd)		100,000	100,00
Total	,		100.000	400.00
			100,000	100,00
8.1 The Company has only one class of shares referred entitled to one vote per share.	to as equity :	shares having a par valu	e of Rs. 10/ Each holde	er of equity shares is
8.2 The details of shareholder holding more than 5% st	nares as at Ma	arch 31, 2021 and March	n 31, 2020 is set out belo	w:
	As at M	larch 31, 2021	As at March	31, 2020
Name of the shareholder	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
KNR Constructions Ltd.,	10,000	100	10,000	10
3.3 The reconciliation of the number of shares outstand	ing at the bed	ginning and at the end o		
Particulars —	No. of	Amount in Rupees	As at March No. of Shares	Amount in Rupee
Number of Equity Shares at the beginning	Shares 10,000	100,000	10,000	100,00
Add:- Number of Shares Issued Less: Number of Shares Bought Back	-	- -	-	· -
Number of Equity Shares at the end of the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,00
3.4 - Instruments entirely Equity in nature				
			As a	(Amount in Rs
			March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Loan from Holding Company (Refer Note: 24)			1,284,740	1,284,74
Balance at the end of the period		Jan January Mary	1,284,740	1,284,740

Hyderahad FRN: 018449S

KNR Agrotech & Beverages Private Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements		
9 - Other Equity		(Amount in Rs
	Asa	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
Balance at the beginning of the period	4.007.004	
Add: Profit /(Loss) for the period	4,937,001	3,267,39
	(62,364) 4,874,637	1,669,60 4,937,00
	4,07.4,037	4,557,00.
Balance at the end of the period	4,874,637	4,937,00:
	7,07 7,037	7,337,00
10 - Borrowings		
		(Amount in Rs
	Asa	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Non-current		
Unsecured loans		
From related parties (Refer Note: 24)	2,963,725	2,963,72
Total	2,963,725	2,963,725
No. 1. The second secon		
Note: Intercorporate loans to related parties carried at fair value as per Ind AS		
11 - Other Financial Liabilities		
		(Amount is De
	As a	(Amount in Rs.
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Current Advance Received From Related Parties (Parties and Parties Parties (Parties and Parties Parties (Parties and Parties (Parties and Parties (Parties and Parties (Parties and Parties and Parties (Parties and Parties		
Advance Received From Related Parties (Refer note: 24) Outstanding Expenses	16,188,748	15,024,45
Outstanding Exhauses	33,000	43,000
Total	16,221,748	15,067,453
	10/221/740	13,007,43



2 Revenue from Operations		
2 Revenue from Operations		(Amount in Rs.)
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
ncome from operations	1,500,000	2,356,710
Total	1,500,000	2,356,710
3 Other Income		(Assessment in Do.)
	Year	(Amount in Rs.) Year
		ended
	ended	March 31, 2020
nterest on Income tax refund	March 31, 2021	44,018
nterest on income tax retails		
Total		44,018
L4 Employee Benefit Expense		_
		(Amount in Rs. Year
	Year	
	ended	ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Salarian Wash and Other Banofits	155,200	120,000
Salaries, Wages and Other Benefits Staff welfare Expenses	2,750	820
Stati Wellare Expenses		
Total	157,950	120,820
15 Finance Cost		(Amount in Rs.
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Interest Expense on	_	239,719
Interest Expense on Fair Value on Interest free loans		2007.10
Other Borrowing Costs Bank Charges	384	413
Dank Charges		
Total	384	240,132
16 Depreciation & Amortization Expense		(Amount in Rs.
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Depreciation	415,554	443,937
Debi eciación		
Total	415,554	443,937



KNR Agrotech & Beverages Private Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements		
17 Other Expenses		(Amount in Rs.)
	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
IAT - N. Francisco	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Work Expenses	260 770	_
Fertilizers	369,770	32,700
Labour Charges	172,878	32,700
Transportation, Loading & Unloading Charges	5,400	115,738
Power Charges	191,244	7,611
Repairs & Maintenance	135,658	7,011
Petrol & Diesel - Plant & Machinery Sub-Total	50,132 925,081	156,049
General & Administration Expenses Travelling & Conveyance Postage, Courier & Telephone Insurance Charges Legal & Professional Charges Printing & Stationery Audit Fee Other Expenses Sub-Total Total	1,600 1,781 6,098 18,500 23,000 12,416 63,395 988,476	5,671 1,396 22,319 34,000 500 23,000 21,928 108,814
18 Tax Expense		(Amount in Rs.
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Tax relating to earlier years	-	(338,632
Total	-	(338,632



Notes forming part of the financial statements KNR Agrotech & Beverages Private Limited

Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and for the future development of the Company. In order to maintain or achieve an optimal capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment, return on capital to shareholders or issue of new shares.

The Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio at March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 was as follows:

		(AHIOUIL III RS.)
Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2021 March 31, 2020
Total borrowings	2,963,725	2,724,006
Less: cash and cash equivalents	4,521,398	139,544
Adjusted net debt	(1,557,673)	2,584,462
Total equity	6,259,377	4,698,909
Adjusted equity	6,259,377	4,698,909
photos		
Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio	(0.25)	0.55

19 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

A. Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

March 31, 2021			(Amount in Rs.)	•
- Thismath		Carrying amount	14	
Particulars	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total carrying amount	•
Financial assets				
Trade Receivables		1,500,000	1,500,000	
Cash and cash equivalents		4,521,398	4,521,398	
Other financial assets	•	1,200	1,200	_
		6,022,598	6,022,598	
Financial liabilities			1	
Unsecured Loan	,	2,963,725	2,963,725	
Other financial liabilities	•	16,221,748	16,221,748	
	1	19,185,473	19,185,473	

The management assessed the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost are approximate to the fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

(Amount in Rs.)

19,185,473

(Amount in Rs.)

2,963,725

2,963,725 16,221,748 19,185,473

1,200 1,501,200

1,501,200

1,500,000

1,500,000

(Amount in Rs.)

Fair Value

Total

Level 3

Level 1 Level 2

March 31, 2020

2,963,725 15,067,453 18,031,178 1,200 1,500,000 3,021,781 Total carrying amount Carrying amoun 2,963,725 15,067,453 18,031,178 1,500,000 3,021,781 2007 **Amortised Cost** 1,522,981 FVTPL ુ FORAN Financial liabilities not measured at fair value Particulars Cash and cash equivalents Other financial liabilities Other financial assets Trade Receivables Financial assets Unsecured Loan

The management assessed the financial assets and liabilities midastireBititathorised dost are approximate to the fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be required of the properties of the values that would eventually be required to the values of the values that would eventually be required to the values of the values that would eventually be required to the values of the value

Carlotte Accountains

2,963,725 1,200 1,500,000 18,031,178 1,501,200 Total 1,501,200 2,963,725 15,067,453 18,031,178 1,500,000 Fair Value Level 3 Level 2 Level 1

19 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Contd..)

B. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

a) credit risk

b) liquidity risk

c) market risk

The company's focus is to estimate a vulnerability of financial risk and to address the issue to minimize the potential adverse effects of its financial performance.

a) Credit risk
Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers; loans and investments in debt securities. The company is not exposed to credit risk as the trade receivables are for the minimal period.

b) Liquidity risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company uses activity-based costing to cost its products and services, which assists it in monitoring cash flow requirements and optimising its cash return on investments.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

(Amount in Rs.) As at March 31, 2021 Contractual Cash flows Total **Particulars** Upto 1 year 1 to 3 Years More than 3 years Carrying Amount Non-derivative financial liabilities 2,963,725 2.074.608 889.118 Un Secured loans 2.963.725 6,188,748 Other financial liabilities 33.000 889,118 18,263,356 19,185,473 19,185,473 33,000

As at March 31, 2020					(Amount in Rs.)
		Contractual	Cash flows	,	
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities Un Secured loans Other financial liabilities	2,963,725 15,067,453	43,000	889,118	15,024,453	2,963,726 15,067,453
	18,031,178	43,000	889,118	17,099,061	18,031,179

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign Currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rate. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk as it has no borrowing or no material payables in foreign currency

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Since the Company has no variable interest bearing borrowings, the exposure to risk of changes in market interest rates is nil.

iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The Company is not exposed to Price risk as it has no investments.



20. Contingent Liability and Commitments: Nil

21. Segment Reporting

There are no reportable segments under Ind AS 108

22. Auditor's remuneration charged to the accounts:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Audit fees	23,000	23,000

23. Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 33 "Earnings Per Share(EPS)"

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
i. Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders(basic)	(62,364)	16,69,608	
ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (basic)	10,000	10,000	
Basic EPS	(6.24)	166.96	
i. Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders(diluted)	(62,364)	16,69,608	
ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (diluted)	10,000	10,000	
Diluted EPS	(6.24)	166.96	

24. As per Ind AS 24, "Related Party Disclosure" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the disclosures of transactions with the Related Parties as defined in the Accounting Standard are as follows:

A. List of related parties and relationships:

S. No.	Name of the related party	Nature of relationship
1	KNR Constructions Limited	Holding Company
2	Mr. M. Rajesh Reddy	Director
3	Mr. V. Venu Gopal Reddy	Director
4	Mrs. K. Yashoda	Director

B. Transactions with related parties during the year ended

(Amount in Rs.)

Name of the related party	Nature of transactions	March 31,2021	March 31,2020
	Advance received/(paid)	11,64,296	3,82,183
KNR Constructions Limited	Interest Expenses on Unsecured Loan (fair value)	_	2,39,719
	Derecognition of Financial Liability	-	_



C. Balances outstanding

(Amount in Rs.)

Name of the related party	Nature transactions	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
THE	Equity share capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
KNR Constructions Limited	Instrument entirely equity in nature	12,84,740	12,84,740
	Advance received	1,61,88,748	1,50,24,453
	Unsecured loan	29,63,725	29,63,725

25. Reconciliation between the Opening and Closing balances in the financial statement for Liabilities and Financial Assets arising from Financial Activities (Ind AS - 7)

(A	m	OL	ın	t	in	Rs.	١

Particulars	Long Term Borrowings		
Opening Balance	29,63,725		
Cash flows	-		
- Received	<u></u>		
- Repayment	-		
Non-Cash items	-		
Closing Balance	29,63,725		

26. Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on May 05, 2021

27. Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary.

For Govardhan & Co.,

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 018449

Hyderabad FRN: 018449S

M. No: 229071

Place: Hyderabad Date: 05-05-2021 V. Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

Director

DIN No: 05157487

KONALE